April 21, 2020 AHD Objectives

Dysphagia:

1. Compare motility, functional, and anatomic dysphagia. Define them, list some causes, and describe how a patient might experience them.
2. Understand the appropriate differential diagnosis and evaluation of odynophagia.
3. When is upper endoscopy warranted in patients with GERD?
4. How is EE diagnosed and what is the treatment?
5. How can achalasia be treated?
6. Understand the indications for screening for Barett’s esophagus and its treatment options.

UGIB (all can be found in MKSAP reading):

1. Though there are more than 10 commonly thought of causes of UGIB, 80% of cases can be attributed to what four causes?
2. Describe the Forrest categories of ulcers and their post-endoscopy management.
3. List the 7 strongest predictors for re-bleeding post endoscopically.
4. List four indications for second-look endoscopy, and the timing of when should it be done.
5. Compare how much aspirin reduced risk over 30 days in cardiovascular disease with how much it increases risk of rebleeding in gastric ulcers.

Pancreatitis:

1. What are the most common causes of pancreatitis?
2. Define mild vs moderately severe vs. severe pancreatitis.
3. What are the diagnostic criteria of acute pancreatitis?
4. At what level are triglycerides considered potentially causative?
5. Why can patients with chronic pancreatitis present without elevated pancreatic enzymes?
6. What are the classic findings in AIP?